The majority of students on the job market were male, while less than one-third were female. During 2021-2022 women were slightly more likely (8%) to be on the job market, and men less likely to be on the job market than their average percentages over the last decade.

Candidates who placed maintained nearly identical proportions of academic subfields to those in the job market pool overall. A slightly larger percentage of scholars who identified asComparativists (3%) in 2021-2022 were on the market compared to the average from the last 12 years.

The candidate pool for those who identify asURMs (20.40%) has nearly doubled from 2019-2020 (9.20%). Nonetheless, as with previous years the difference between underrepresented minority status in the candidate pool and those who placed was minimal.

As with the 2019-20 academic year, 2020-21 candidates were more likely to take a tenure track rather than post-doc positions, regardless of how their institution was rated, except for third quintile candidates who were more likely to have taken a post-doc than a tenure track position.

All data presented are from the 2021-22 APSA Graduate Placement Survey.